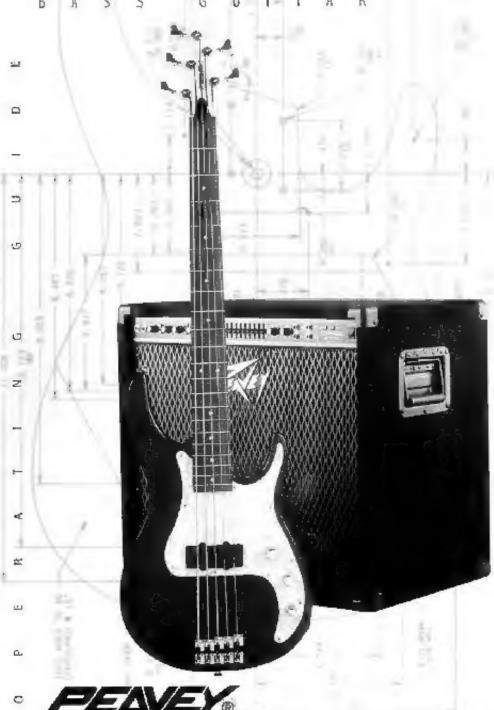
# Axcelerator™ 5



PEDVEY®

Peavey Electronics. A blend of fine traditional craftsmanship and leading-edge technology. A leader in American-made musical instruments and equipment for over a quarter of a century.



The system featured on the cover is a Peavey Combo\* 210 TX bass amplifier.

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Thank you for buying the Peavey Axcelerator" 5string bass. This bass was built by the most skilled
craftsmen and made from the finest materials
available. As with all of our musical equipment,
we have built our bass guitars using a
combination of leading-edge technology and
traditional hand-crafted methods. The
Axcelerator preamp is designed to offer the bass
player maximum flexibility and tonal variation. Its
discrete circuitry and full-shielding offer wide
dynamic range and ultra-fow noise operation. Ask
your Peavey dealer for a full list of other Peavey
musical equipment and accessories.

# Features

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# Construction

### Body

The body of this instrument is constructed from the finest western poplar. The deep double cutaway design provides unimpeded access to the highest fret while the extended upper horn balances the instrument, thereby avoiding the need to support the instrument with the left hand. The instrument features our polyester/urethane finish, which is mar- and weather-resistent.

#### Neck

The eastern maple neck is constructed by means of a unique bilaminated process (U.S. Patent – 4,237,944) to provide unmatched rigidity and freedom from warpage. Additional reinforcement is provided with a steel fersion rod. The neck's adjusting rod features rolled threads for improved strength and freedom from breakage. The ulma-slim neck features a full 34" scale length, 21 18% nickel/silver frets which are medium height, highly crowned, and polished. The rosewood fingerboard features a 12" radius to provide exceptional playing ease and string distance/balance characteristics. The neck of this instrument also employs four die-cast enclosed machine heads and a durable Graphlon<sup>TM</sup> toppouls.

### Pickups

The two VFL<sup>13</sup>, active, humbucking pickups were designed and built by Peavey to provide the widest range of the tonal spectrum for bass. The coils are wax-dipped then the pickup is shielded and potted to eliminate any microphonic feedback or external interference.

## **Battery**

The preamplifier is powered by 2 9-volt batteries (not included) which is accessible through the small cover on the back of the instrument. Note: Heavy-duty or alkaline batteries are recommended for seliability and longest battery life. Low battery voltage will result in "fuzzy" or distorted sound, especially with higher tone and volume settings.

Note: Peavey Electronics assumes no responsibility for damage resulting from a leaking or defective battery. Power is supplied to the preamplifier when a standard (mono) guitar cable is connected to the instrument. To ensure the longest battery life be sure to disconnect any cable from the instrument when it is not in use.

# **Controls**

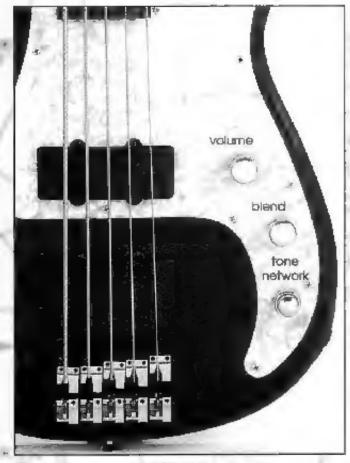


Figure 1

#### Volume

The volume knob controls the total signal level delivered from the magnetic pickups to the output jack.

# Tone Network

The tone network utilized in the magnetic pickup circuit is an active high/low pass shelving circuit. With both controls at center position, output from both pickups is essentially flat. Rotating the "high" control (small center knob) counterclockwise will decrease (roll offi all frequencies 255 Hz and above. Rotating this knob clockwise will increase (pass) all frequencies 255 Hz and above. Rotating the

"low" control (large outside knob) counterclockwise rolls off all frequencies 96 Hz and below. Rotating this knob clockwise passes all frequencies 96 Hz and below. This translates into an audible cut/boost of 12 decibels.

#### **Blend Control**

The blend control provides a wider variety of sounds than available from conventional pickup selector switches. It may be varied from the neck pickup (clockwise), the center detent (both pickups), the bridge pickup (counterclockwise), or any blend in between.

# Adjustments

Your instrument has been carefully adjusted for accurate intonation and playing ease at the Peavey factory. However, your playing style or playing requirements may necessitate additional adjustments. These adjustments should be made by your Peavey dealer; however, with a little care and by adhering closely to the following instructions, you may attempt these adjustments yourself.

Please read the instructions thoroughly before attempting any adjustments.

## **Torsion Rod**

To set the "straightness" or "relief" of the neck, a  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  allen wrench must be used (supplied).

- 1. Tune the instrument to standard (A-440) pitch.
- Check for clearance between the strings (1-4) and the first fret.
   Important: Use an accurate ruler or similar gauge for this measurement.
- 3. This clearance should be no less than  $\frac{1}{12}$  and no more than  $\frac{1}{16}$  at the first fret.
- Check for clearance between the strings and the 12<sup>th</sup> fret.

- This clearance should be no less than \(\text{\$\textit{\$\gamma\_{16}\$}}\) and no more than \(\text{\$\gamma\_{4}\$}\) at the 12<sup>th</sup> fret.
- 6. To increase clearance, loosen (counterclockwise) the lorsion-rod nut. Less clearance (straightening of the neck) is accomplished by tightening (clockwise) the nut. The torsion-rod nut is:

   located under the plastic cover plate on the head-stock.

Caution: It is not usually necessary to rotate the torsion rod nut more than one full turn in either direction. 1/4 to 1/2 turn is usually sufficient. Excessive rotation may cause damage to the neck and torsion rod. If excessive force is necessary to rotate the torsion rod nut, you should consult your Peavey dealer or the factory-before any further adjustment is made.

7. Repeat steps 1-6 until proper clearance has been achieved.

# **Pickups**

The sensitivity level of the magnetic pickups can be adjusted by raising or lowering each pickup with its height-adjusting screws. Raising the pickups closer to the strings will increase the output and sensitivity. Lowering the pickups away from the strings will decrease output and sensitivity. When making these adjustments, be sure to maintain adequate clearance between the pickups and strings. Improper adjustment could result in loss of sustain and possible string buzzing when playing on the upper frets.

Both pickups have four height-adjustment screws.

How you adjust the height of your pickups will greatly affect your tone and output levels. Experiment with different combinations until you get the sound you want. You'll be surprised at how much tonal variance can be achieved with a simple pickup adjustment.

# String Intonation

Accurate string@intonation settings ensure that your instrument will play in tune at any point on the neck. Although "perfect intonation" is a physical impossibility with a fretted instrument, the proper adjustments will maximize the accuracy of individual notes up and down the neck.

Intonation is set by comparing the pitch of an open string to the pitch of the same string when played one octave higher at the 12th fret. The actual "vibrating length" of that string in varied until the notes are both at the right pitch. The "vibrating length" of the string in altered by adjusting the individual saddles either forward or backward, depending on whether the fretted note is sharper or flatter in pitch than the open note.

#### Note

This process should always be performed with new strings. Intensition problems are often the result of worn strings, it is often difficult for the untrained ear to determine when the open note and the fretted note are at precisely the same pitch. Some players find that comparing the 12th fret-tearmonic of the string (rather than the open note) to the fretted note is much easier. A harmonic is played by plucking the string with the right hand while touching the string with the left index finger (as lightly as possible) directly above the 12th fret. The left index finger is drawn away as quickly as possible after the string is plucked, producing a "chime" effect. This chimed note is then compared to the fretted note. For greater case and accuracy, we recommend one of the many types of electronic guitar tuners that are available from most music stores.

- Tune the instrument to standard (A-440) pitch.
- Hold the instrument for a normal playing position or place it on a clean, flat surface so that only the body is in contact with the work surface. Any pressure on the neck will affect Intonation settings.
- Play the first (G) string open and compare it to the pitch of the same string when it is played at the twelfth fret. These notes should sound the same (actually, there is an octave difference).
- 4. Using a phillips-head screwdriver, adjust the string saddle so that both the fretted and open notes are the same. If the fretted note is sharper than the open note, the vibrating length of the string must be increased. Move the bridge saddle to the rear—away from the pickups, if the fretted note is flat, the vibrating length must be shortened. Move the bridge saddle forward—toward the pickups—to shorten the length.

#### Note

It will often be necessary to return the open string to standard pitch effer the bridge position is altered.

- Repeat steps 4 and 5 for the remaining strings.
- Repeat steps 1–5 as necessary until the intonation of all the strings is accurately adjusted.

# **Neck Tilt**

The neck-tilt adjustment works in conjunction with the bridge-height adjustment to set the overall string playing height. This adjustment should be used whenever possible to set string height rather than the bridge-height adjustment (refer to Figure 5).

- Relieve string tension slightly by detuning the instrument (approximately 1-2 whole steps).
- Loosen two neck screws (closest to the headstock)
  approximately 1 turn.
  - Loosen remaining two neck screws (closest to the bridge) approximately 2 turns.

- 4. String height may now be adjusted with the neck-tilt screw, which is located finishe the fifth hole in the neck plate. A 1/8" allen wrench is used to make this adjustment. Turning the screw clockwise lowers the strings closer to the fingerboard. String height should be adjusted to fit your own particular playing style. It should be noted that setting the string height too low will result in excessive string buzz and rattle, especially with a "heavier" playing technique. Excessively high action will result in intonation problems and decreased playability.
- After adjustment, securely tighten all four neck screws.
- Returne your instrument to standard pitch. Check strings for correct height and playability. If necessary, repeat steps 1-5 until the action is set properly for your playing style.

## Saddle Height

This instrument features individual bridge saddles, which work in conjunction with the neck-tilt adjustment to determine overall string height. Ordinarily, the neck tilt should be used to set the string height. However, individual string saddles can be adjusted to follow the curvature of the neck to optimize string/fret distance. Use the supplied hex wrench to make the adjustment for each string.

#### Note

All instrument adjustments interact closely with string intension. These adjustments must be completed before any attempt is made to set string intension at the bridge. If you are unfamiliar with this type of adjustment, we strongly recommend that this setting be performed by your authorized Peavey dealer.



# Carefor your instrument

This is a high-quality musical instrument constructed from the finest materials, using the most up-to-dage production methods. With reasonable care, it should provide many years of service and outstanding playability.

## Temperature and Humidity

It is important to protect your instrument from any extreme or sudden changes in temperature or humidity. You should stoke the instrument in its case when not using it.

### Strings

Your instrument comes from the factory with high-quality Peavey AccuWrap" bass strings. String life may be greatly extended by frequent cleaning with Peavey string cleaner. Dirt and perspiration tend to build up on the underside of the strings, so it is often necessary to slide a rag between the strings and the fingerboard. Dirt-laden strings cause tuning and intonation problems, as well as rust and corrosion.

For optimum performance, strings should be changed approximately once a month, or about every twenty-four hours of playing. Some players prefer to change strings more often.

#### Finish.

Your instrument has a polyester/urethane finish that is both durable and weather-resistant, but requires care. Regular cleaning with Peavey guitar polish is recommended. Between polishes, the instrument should be wiped with a dry, soft cloth.

#### Accessories

Peavey offers a full line of accessories for your instruments. Cases, amplifiers, strings, polishes, straps and more are all available from a Peavey dealer near you.

# Peavey Guitar One-Year Limited Warranty/Remedy

PEAVEY ELECTRONICS CORPORATION ("Peavey") warrants this guitar to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from date of purchase. PROVIDED, however, that this limited warranty is extended only to the original retail purchaser and is subject to the following conditions.

### Conditions, Exclusions, and Limitations of Limited Warranty

This limited warranty shall be void and of NO EFFECT if:

- 1. The first purchase of the product is for the purpose of resale; or
- 2: The original retail purchase in not made from an AUTHORIZED PEAVEY DEALER; or
- The product has been damaged by accident or unreasonable use, neglect, improper service or maintenance, or other causes not arising out of defects in material or workmanship.

This Limited Warranty shall not extend to or cover guitar strings. Replacement of guitar strings is deemed to be reasonable and necessary maintenance.

Purchaser's exclusive remedy for breach of this limited warranty is repair of the defect or replacement of the guitar, at the option of Peayey. Service work may be performed by any Peavey Authorized Service Center or, if the service center is unable to provide the necessary warranty service, you will be directed to the nearest Peavey Authorized Service Center which can provide such service. Or... you may return the guitar, postage prepaid and insured, along with a description of the problem, proof of purchase, and a complete return address to:

# PEAWEY ELECTRONIES CORPORATION International Service Center Hwy. 80 East Meridian, MS 39301

If the defect in remedial under this warranty, and the other ferms and conditions expressed herein have been complied with; Peavey will repair or replace the product and return it, freight collect, to the purchaser. Other than the postage and insurance requirement, no charge will be assessed for such repair or replacement.

The liability of Peavey to the purchaser for any cost whatsoever, and regardless of the form of action, whether in contract or in ton; including regligence, shall be limited to actual damages up to an amount equal to the purchase price of the product or \$500.00.

Under no circumstances will Peavey Se, Hable for any lost profits, any incidental damages, or any consequential damages resulting from the use of or inability to use the guitar, even if Peavey has been advised of the possibility of such demages,

The foregoing limitation of remedy will not apply to the payment of cost and damage awards for personal injury or damage to real property or tangible personal property caused by negligence on the part of Peavey.

This limited warranty is in lieu of any and all warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular use; provided, however, that if the other ismus and conditions necessary to the existence of the expressed limited warranty, as hereinbefore stated, have been complied with, implied warranties are not discialmed during the one-year period from date of purchase of this product.

Some states do not allow limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts, or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which may vary from state to state.

This limited warranty is the only expressed warranty on this guiter, and no other statement, representation; warranty or agreement by any person shall be valid as to or binding upon Peavey.

The warranty registration card and a legible copy of the proof of purchase auppiled to you by the authorized Pasvey dealer in connection with your purchase of this guitar should be accurately completed, mailed to, and received by Peavey within fourteen (14) days from the date of your purchase.

Should notification become necessary for any condition that would require correction, the registration card will help ensure that you are contacted and properly notified.

If you move from the address shown on the warranty registration card, you should notify Peavey of the change of address to facilitate receipt of any bulletins or other forms of notification which may become necessary in connection with any condition that may require dissemination of information or correction.

The warranty of registration card and subsequent notices of change of address should be mailed to:

Peavey Electronics Corporation P.O. Box 2898 Meridian, MS 39302-2898

In the event of any modification of disclaimer of expressed or implied warranties or any limitation of remedies contained herein conflicts with applicable law, then such modification, disclaimer or limitation, as the case may be shall be deemed to be modified to the extent necessary to comply with such-law.

The limited warranty is given by Peavey Electronics Corporation with respect to equipment purchased in the United States of America.

# Warnings

#### Danger

All amplification accessories, microphones, mixers, etc., must be properly grounded and should be utilized with a 3-wire mains system in order to prevent electrical shock.

#### Danger

Do not come into contact with other electrical apparatus when playing (or touching) your instrument. The metal parts of this instrument are grounded according to proper and accepted industry practice, but it is possible to encounter an electrical shock when coming into contact with another electrical apparatus if it has improper grounding facilities.

#### Warning

Do not use improper or poorly designed guitar straps or other means of support. Possible injury could result if improper, inferior, ill-fitting, or worn out straps are used. The instrument could possibly fall, causing bodily injury or damage to the instrument or associated equipment if the holding devices fail for any reason.

#### Danger

Guitar strings are made from very strong steel alloys. They are designed to be used under tension and, under certain conditions, they may break and spring away from the guitar. Do not tune or play this instrument with your face in close proximity to the strings, as serious injury could result if a string should break.

#### Warning

Bass guitar strings are under considerable tension when they are tuned to concert (A-440) pitch. Exercise extreme care when tuning (especially above concert pitch) or when employing string bending or "popping" playing techniques. The possibility of string breakage and personal injury exists under these conditions.

#### Note

The patch cord between the gullar and the amplifier is an extremelyimportant link for optimum performance. A high-quality, wellshielded cord should be used in this application.



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